Investor Update July 2022 Deutsche Bahn



H1 2022: full information package available



Integrated Interim Report H1 2022 English version available mid August 2022 (db.de/zb-e) German version: db.de/zb

Disclaimer



Interim Results Press Conference (speeches and slides) Download available at <u>db.de/ir-e</u>

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Highlights



Highlights H1 2022: Recovery has accelerated, DB Group returned to profitability and volumes above pre-Covid-level at the end of H1 2021





Pre-Covid level reached in long-distance transport since May 2022.



Ongoing very strong Government support to mitigate financial Covid-19 impact.



9-€-Ticket gives a boost to regional transport since lune 2022.



Challenging business environment in H2 2022 expected.



Financial recovery is on its way, operating profit of almost 900 mn in H1 2022.



Outlook for 2022 positive, but uncertainties remain high due to Ukraine war and Covid-19.

Significant positive contribution by **DB Schenker** due to further strong increases.

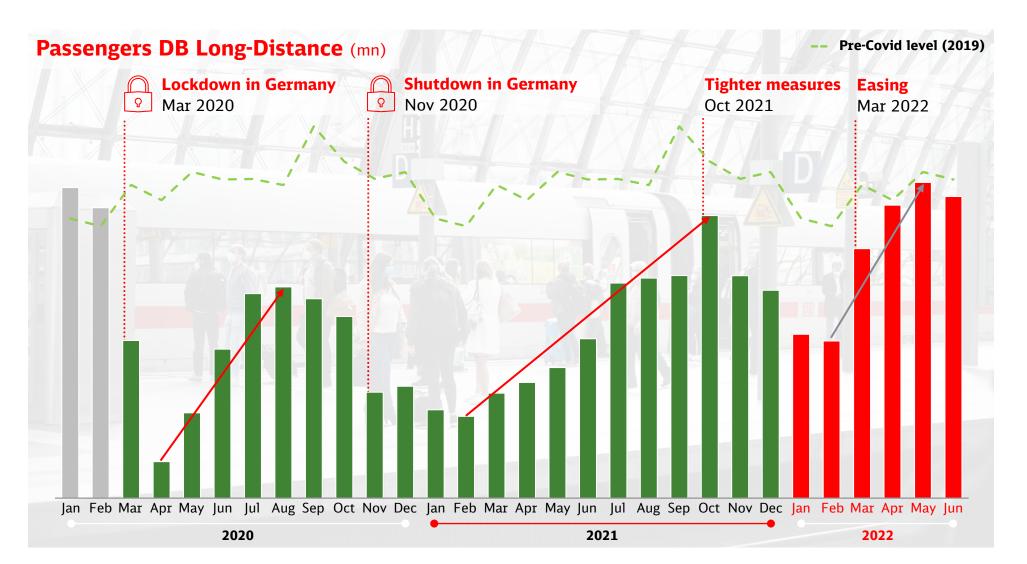


We are well underway on our path for a **Green Transformation**.



⁰¹ Strong volume recovery since March, long-distance volumes are now on pre-Covid-19 levels again





9-€-Ticket as a temporary flat rate ticket for local and regional transport all over Germany gave a strong boost to demand

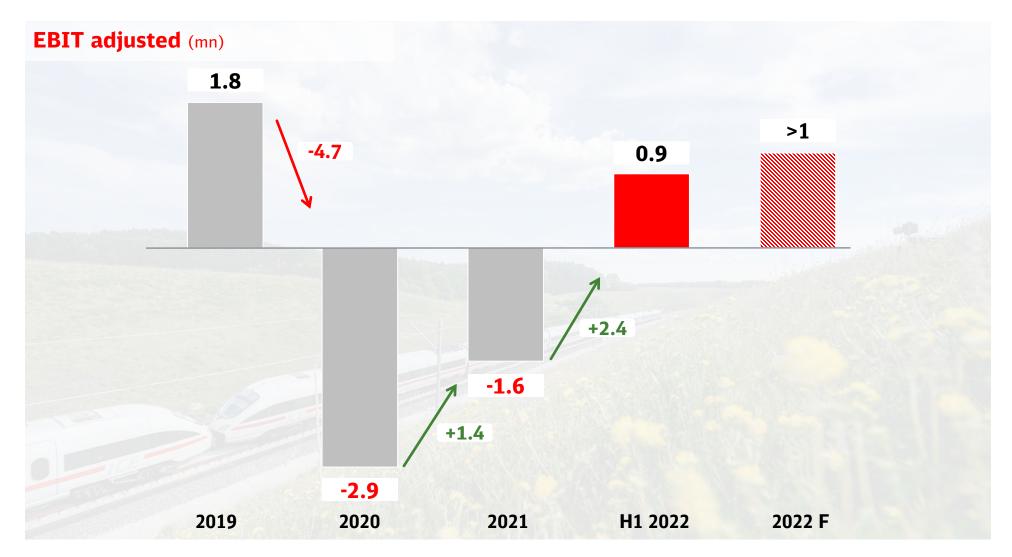




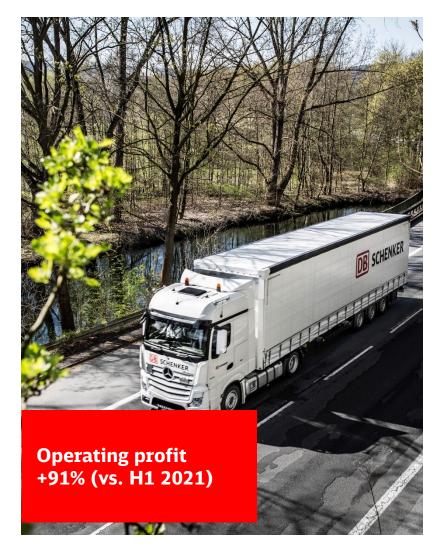
Financial recovery is on its way.

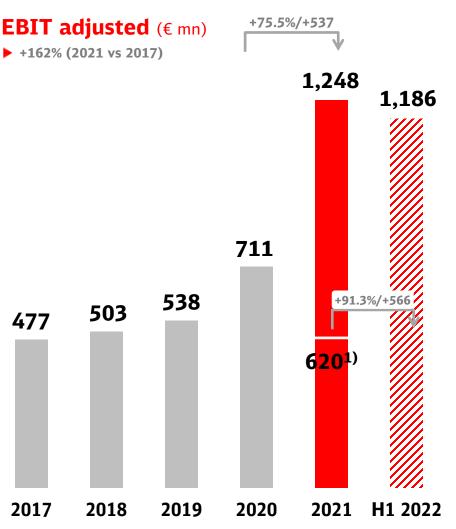
O3 Significant improvements in profitability. Almost € 900 mn operating profit in H1 2022





04 DB Schenker is performing very well, profit growth of more than 90% in H1 2022

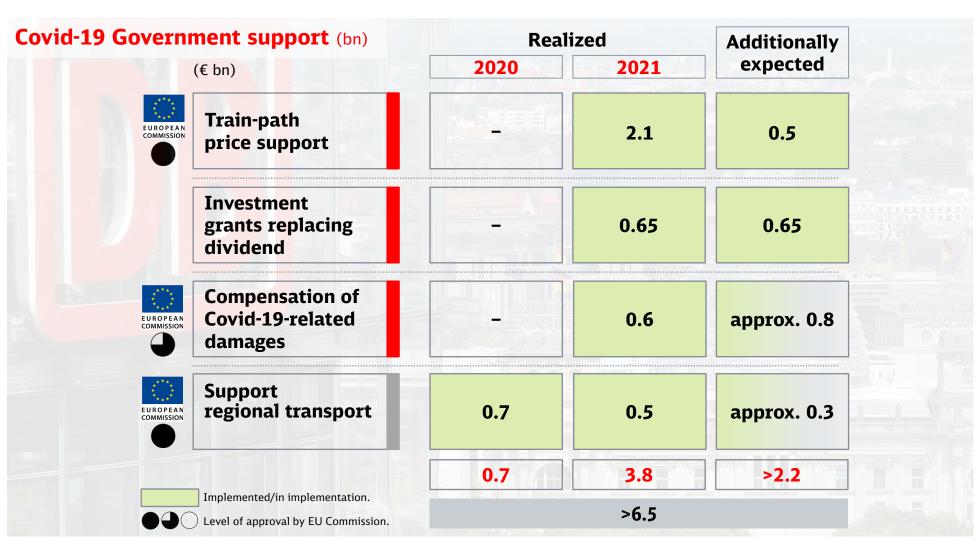




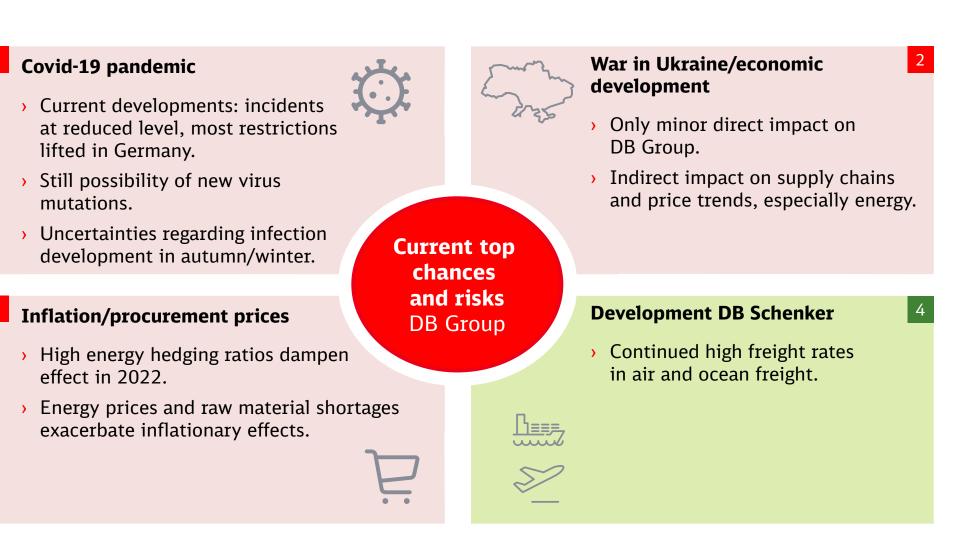
¹⁾ Figure adjusted due to intra-group reassignment of Full Load Solutions operations from DB Schenker to DB Cargo.

DB

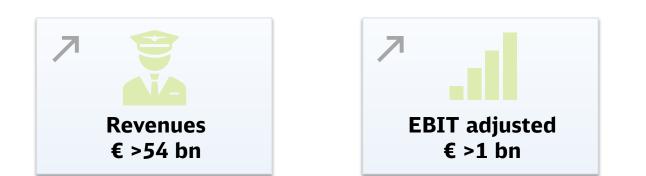
05 Ongoing implementation of comprehensive Covid-19 Government support measures



⁰⁶ Current business environment is mainly impacted by four key factors that need close attention in 2022



07 Outlook for 2022 positive, but uncertainties remain high due to Ukraine war and Covid-19

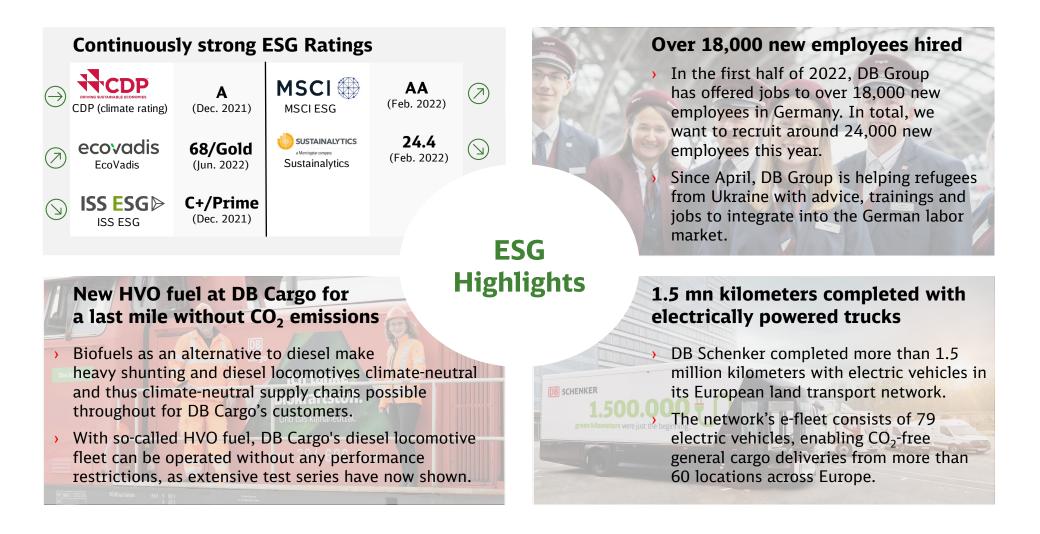




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08 Selected ESG highlights from H1 2022





Development in H1 2022



Key drivers of financial development in H1 2022 were the Covid-19 recovery and further growth at DB Schenker



| 1 | Positive development in H1 | 2022 with significant improvements | in revenues and profits. |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| _ | | | |

- **2** Since March 2022 significant recovery process in passenger volumes.
- **3** Very strong development at DB Schenker mainly driven by air and ocean freight business.
- **4** DB Arriva with improvements but still impacted by Covid-19 effects.
- **5** Government Covid-19 support measures ongoing in implementation.
- 6 Continuation of our Strong Rail strategic approach with ongoing high level of capex.
- 7 Net debt slightly higher compared to year-end 2021 in line with expectations.
- 8 Capital market activities continued, €2 bn issued so far in 2022.
- **9** Outlook for 2022 positive, but uncertainties remain high due to war in Ukraine and Covid-19.

Key figures brighten up again as the recovery process continues in Q2 2022 and DB Schenker is developing very strongly

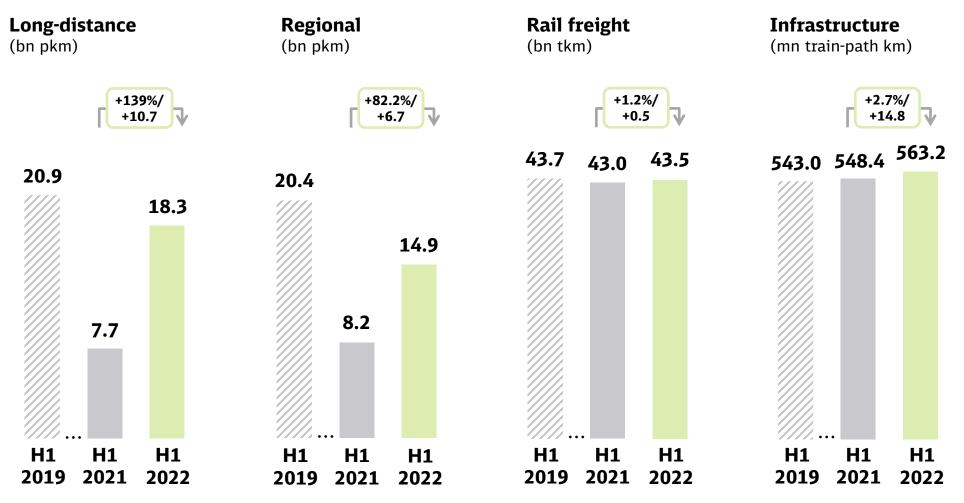


Key figures (€ mn)

| | H1 2022 | H1 2021 | +/- € | +/- % | H1 2019 |
|---|---------|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| Revenues adjusted | 27,969 | 21,786 | +6,183 | +28.4 | 22,013 |
| Revenues comparable | 27,485 | 21,786 | +5,699 | +26.2 | 22,013 |
| EBIT adjusted | 876 | -975 | +1,851 | - | 757 |
| Net profit/loss | 424 | -1,428 | +1,852 | - | 205 |
| Gross capex | 5,402 | 5,550 | -148 | -2.7 | 4,825 |
| Net capex | 2,740 | 2,659 | +81 | +3.0 | 2,350 |
| ROCE (%) | 3.9 | -4.5 | +8.4 | - | 3.6 |
| Net financial debt as of Jun 30/Dec 31 | 30,504 | 29,107 | +1,397 | +4.8 | 24,175 |

Significant performance improvements in passenger transport in Germany

Performance indicators - Integrated Rail System



Pkm = Passenger kilometers. Tkm = Ton kilometers.



Strong volume development in rail transport leads to bottlenecks: new approach for network modernization developed



- > Punctuality is largely decided on the highly utilized core lines, which are heavily used by passenger and freight transport.
- > These currently cover around 3,500 km (10% of overall network) and will increase in the coming years to about 9,000 km due to volume growth.
- In order to realize the planned growth at a good operational quality, facilities need to be more stable, construction to be more efficient and performance capability to be increased.
- > The aim is to develop a core "high-performance network" by mid-decade / the end of the decade at latest. This means bundling all necessary renovation and upgrade works for core corridors.

We aim to operate a high-density and highly interconnected network



We will develop a highly available core network. The basis for a **high-performance network** (HPN) is an **improvement in condition** in all areas relevant to punctuality.

digitally densified

With the help of **digitalization of train operations**, we are creating

- a) further **capacity increase** without additional tracks and
- b) higher **stability** in daily **rail operations** (robustness increase and flexibilization).

purposefully expanded



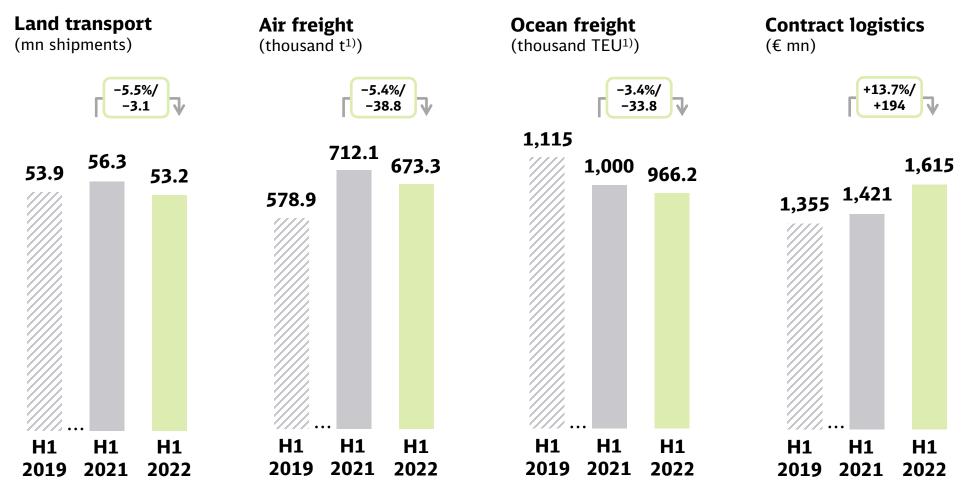
By **expanding and building** new lines, we create **additional capacity**

- a) in specific areas where we cannot increase density further
- b) where we want to segregate traffic (e.g. for high-speed lines).

Volume development at DB Schenker was more than compensated by rate increases

DB

Performance indicators - DB Schenker



Very strong performance recovery in passenger transport in H1 2022

DB

Performance development (vs respective quarter of 2021)

DB Long-Distance (pkm)



DB Regional rail (pkm)



DB Cargo (tkm)



DB Netze Track (train-path km)



DB Arriva (bus km)



Land transport (shipments)



Air freight (t)



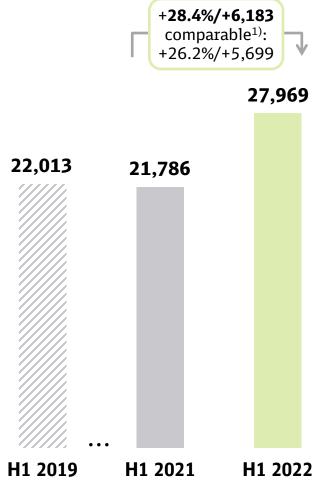
Ocean freight (TEU)



Strong increase at DB Schenker drove revenue development of DB Group in H1 2022



Revenues (€ mn)



 $^{1)}\ {\rm Excluding}\ {\rm FX}$ effects and chances in the scope of consolidation.

Key impact factors

- Price and volume effects at DB Schenker
- Strong recovery at DB Long-Distance
- Gains at DB Regional and DB Arriva

External revenues by business units (€ mn)

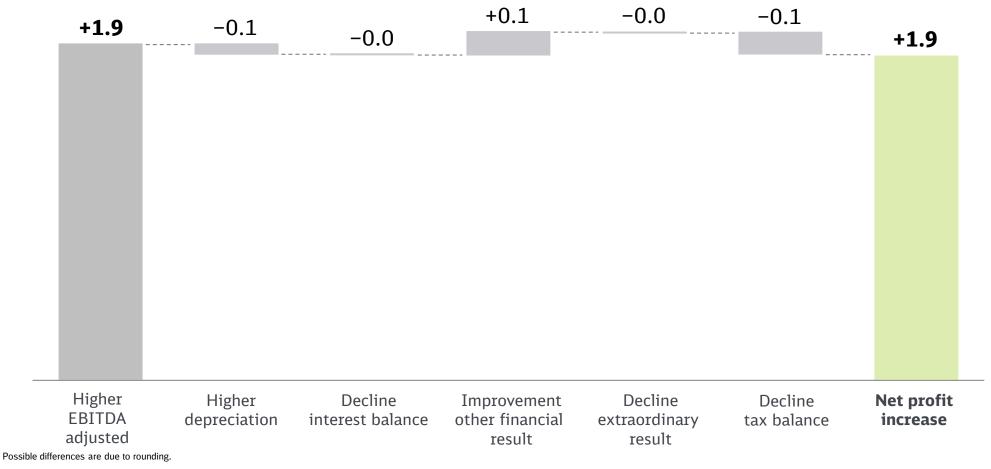
| | H1 2022 | H1 2021 | +/- € | +/- % | H1 2019 |
|---------------------------|------------------------|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| DB Long-Distance | 2,052 | 996 | +1,056 | +106 | 2,310 |
| DB Regional | 4,433 | 3,902 | +531 | +13.6 | 4,361 |
| DB Cargo ²⁾ | 2,521 | 2,388 | +133 | +5.6 | 2,141 |
| DB Netze Track | 995 | 966 | +29 | +3.0 | 812 |
| DB Netze Stations | 300 | 243 | +57 | +23.5 | 303 |
| DB Netze Energy | 1,051 | 695 | +356 | +51.2 | 640 |
| Other | 314 | 270 | +44 | +16.3 | 280 |
| Integrated rail system | 1 ²⁾ 11,666 | 9,460 | +2,206 | +23.3 | 10,847 |
| DB Arriva | 2,174 | 1,930 | +244 | +12.6 | 2,687 |
| DB Schenker ²⁾ | 14,129 | 10,396 | +3,733 | +35.9 | 8,491 |
| DB Group | 27,969 | 21,786 | +6,183 | +28.4 | 22,013 |

²⁾ H1 2021 figures adjusted due to intra-group reassignment of Full Load Solutions operations from DB Schenker to DB Cargo.

Net profit improved due to higher operating profit



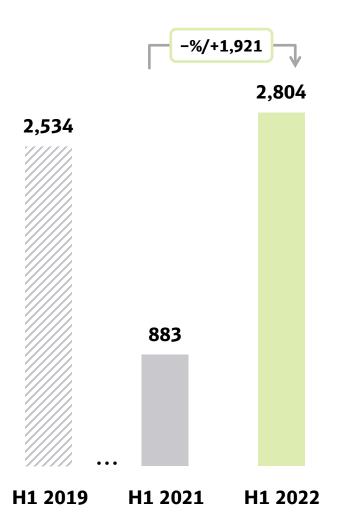
Net profit development vs H1 2021 (€ bn)



EBITDA improvement mainly driven by recovery in passenger transport and strong gains at DB Schenker



EBITDA adjusted (€ mn)



Key impact factors

- Development of DB Schenker
- Volume recovery
- Support measures
- Revenue losses due to Covid-19 early in H1 2022
- Cost increases (mainly cost of materials and personnel)

EBITDA adjusted by business units (€ mn)

| H1 2022 H | L 2021 | +/- € | +/- % | H1 2019 |
|-------------------|--|---|--|--|
| 9 | -975 | +984 | _ | 367 |
| 213 | -43 | +256 | _ | 512 |
| -99 | -21 | -78 | _ | 20 |
| 834 | 649 | +185 | +28.5 | 708 |
| 142 | 67 | +75 | +112 | 201 |
| 76 | 81 | -5 | -6.2 | 65 |
| ¹⁾ -61 | 52 | -113 | _ | -156 |
|) 1,114 | -190 | +1,304 | - | 1,717 |
| 197 | 166 | +31 | +18.7 | 326 |
| 1,486 | 906 | +580 | +64.0 | 499 |
| 7 | 1 | +6 | _ | -8 |
| 2,804 | 883 | +1,921 | - | 2,534 |
| | 9 213 -99 834 142 76 1,14 197 1,486 7 | 213 -43 -99 -21 834 649 142 67 76 81 ¹⁾ -61 52 1,114 -190 197 166 1,486 906 7 1 | 9 -975 +984 213 -43 +256 -99 -21 -78 834 649 +185 142 67 +75 76 81 -5 1) -61 52 -113 1,114 -190 +1,304 197 166 +31 1,486 906 +580 7 1 +6 | 9 -975 +984 - 213 -43 +256 - -99 -21 -78 - 834 649 +185 +28.5 142 67 +75 +112 76 81 -5 -6.2 1) -61 52 -113 - 9 1,114 -190 +1,304 - 197 166 +31 +18.7 1,486 906 +580 +64.0 7 1 +6 - |

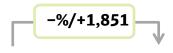
 $^{\rm 1)}$ H1 2021 figures adjusted due to intra-group reassignment of Full Load Solutions operations from DB Schenker to DB Cargo.

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EBIT improvement mainly driven by recovery in passenger transport and strong gains at DB Schenker



EBIT adjusted (€ mn)



Key impact factors

- Development of DB Schenker
- Volume recovery

Support measures

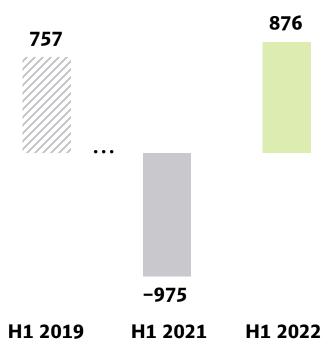
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- Revenue losses due to Covid-19 early in H1 2022
- Cost increases (mainly cost of materials and personnel)

EBIT adjusted by business units (€ mn)

| н | 1 2022 | H1 2021 | +/-€ | +/- % | H1 2019 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| DB Long-Distance | -195 | -1,144 | +949 | -83.0 | 224 |
| DB Regional | -104 | -359 | +255 | -71.0 | 186 |
| DB Cargo ¹⁾ | -299 | -204 | -95 | +46.6 | -132 |
| DB Netze Track | 496 | 302 | +194 | +64.2 | 379 |
| DB Netze Stations | 61 | -7 | +68 | _ | 123 |
| DB Netze Energy | 35 | 40 | -5 | -12.5 | 23 |
| Other/Consolidation IRS ¹⁾ | -304 | -194 | -110 | +56.7 | -376 |
| Integrated rail system ¹⁾ | -310 | -1,566 | +1,256 | -80.2 | 427 |
| DB Arriva | -8 | -31 | +23 | -74.2 | 101 |
| DB Schenker ¹⁾ | 1,186 | 620 | +566 | +91.3 | 238 |
| Consolidation miscel. | 8 | 2 | +6 | _ | -9 |
| DB Group | 876 | -975 | +1,851 | _ | 757 |
| | | | | | |

¹⁾ H1 2021 figures adjusted due to intra-group reassignment of Full Load Solutions operations from DB Schenker to DB Cargo.



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DB Group is significantly profitable again due to strong **business development**

| ſ | D | B |
|---|---|---|
| U | | Ľ |

| Adjusted P&L (€ mn) | H1 2022 | H1 2021 | +/- € | +/- % | H1 2019 | Ke |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|--------|-------|---------|----------|
| Revenues | 27,969 | 21,786 | +6,183 | +28.4 | 22,013 | > F |
| Total income | 31,601 | 24,994 | +6,607 | +26.4 | 24,619 | a |
| Cost of materials | -16,502 | -12,682 | -3,820 | +30.1 | -10,876 | ۲ ۲ |
| Personnel expenses | -9,958 | -9,349 | -609 | +6.5 | -8,902 | Ċ |
| Other operating expenses | -2,337 | -2,080 | -257 | +12.4 | -2,307 | a |
| EBITDA adjusted | 2,804 | 883 | +1,921 | - | 2,534 | ii ii |
| Depreciation | -1,928 | -1,858 | -70 | +3.8 | -1,777 | |
| EBIT adjusted | 876 | -975 | +1,851 | - | 757 | |
| Financial result | -109 | -249 | +140 | -56.2 | -383 | |
| Extraordinary result | -85 | -82 | -3 | +3.7 | -97 | |
| Profit/loss before taxes | 682 | -1,306 | +1,988 | - | 277 | |
| Taxes on income | -258 | -122 | -136 | +111 | -72 | |
| Net profit/loss | 424 | -1,428 | +1,852 | - | 205 | |

---ey impact factors

- Revenue increase due to development of DB Schenker and volume recovery in passenger transport.
- Operating expenses increased due to higher purchased services at DB Schenker and DB Cargo, additional employees and wage increases as well as higher infrastructure and energy costs.

_ _ _

Value management figures improved, but are still impacted by current operating profit level and increased debt



ROCE (%)

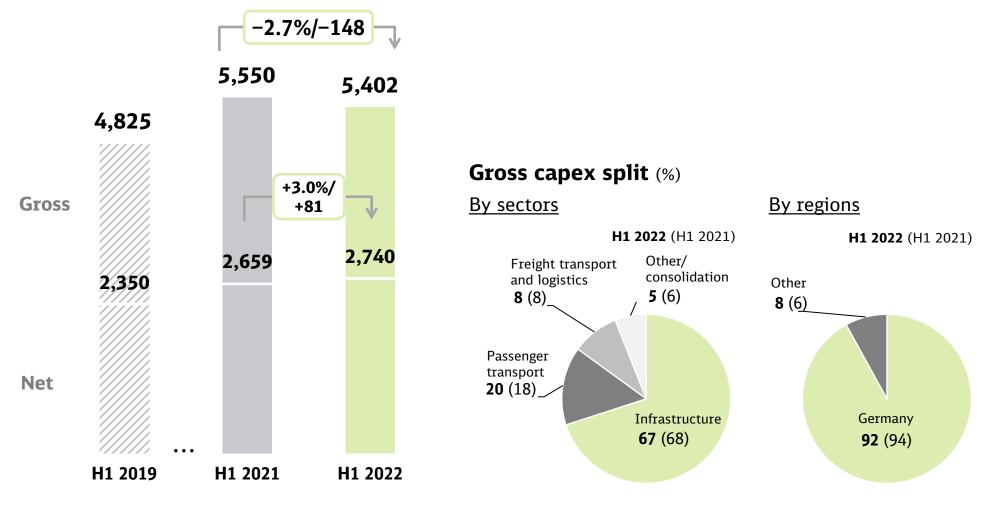
18.7 17.6 6.1 16.9 5.8 5.4 15.3 4.3 3.9 3.6 13.8 13.2 4.3 2.7 -3.6 -4.5 0.8 -7.0 -1.2 -8.5 2017 2018 H1 2019 H1 2020 H1 2021 H1 2017 **H1** 2018 H1 2019 H1 2020 H1 2021 **H1** H1 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022

Debt coverage (%)

25

Capex remains at high level with unchanged focus on infrastructure modernization and fleet expansion

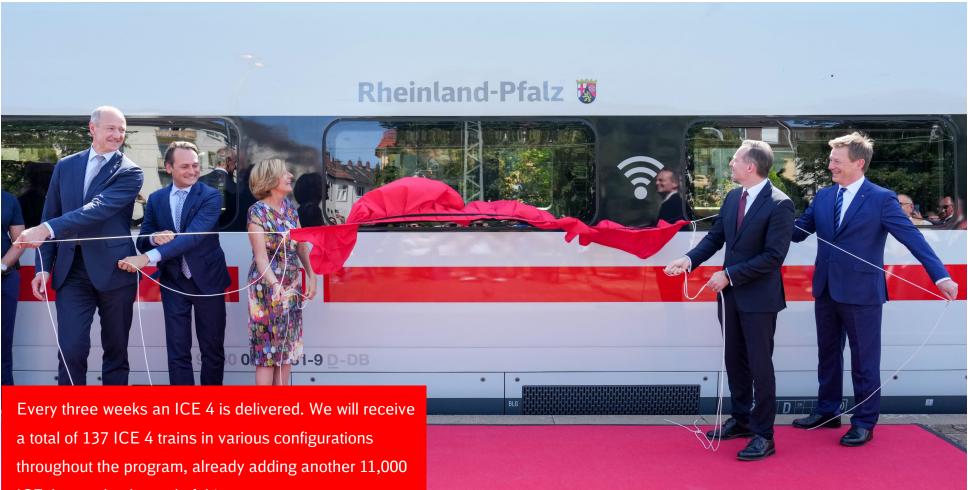
Capital expenditures (€ mn)



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The delivery of the 100th ICE 4 marks an important milestone in the largest fleet expansion program in DB Group's history





ICE 4 seats by the end of this year.

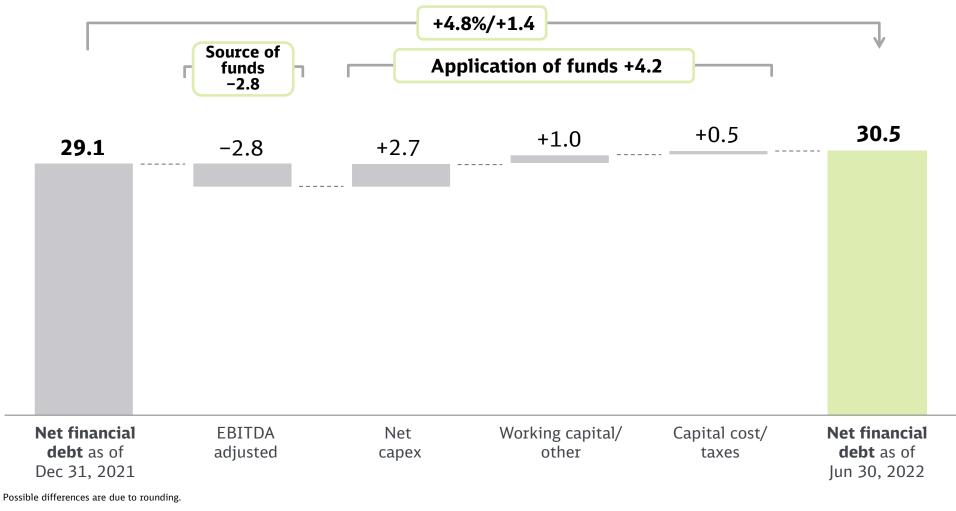
Increased capex mainly at TOCs, infrastructure with cyclical fluctuations



| Capital expenditures (€ mn) | Gross cape | K | Net o | Net capex | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|---|------------|--|
| | H1 H1 2022 2021 | +/-€+/-% | H1 H1 2019 2022 | H1 +/- € +/- % 2021 ^{+/–} € | H1 2019 | |
| DB Long-Distance | 793 675 | +118 +17.5 | 169 793 | 675 +118 +17.5 | 169 | |
| DB Regional | 150 259 | -109 -42.1 | 273 145 | 246 -101 -41.1 | 269 | |
| DB Cargo | 132 179 | -47 -26.3 | 163 117 | 178 -61 -34.3 | 163 | |
| DB Netze Track | 3,019 3,155 | -136 -4.3 | 2,875 718 | 725 -7 -1.0 | 636 | |
| DB Netze Stations | 490 491 | -1 -0.2 | 397 245 | 142 +103 +72.5 | 216 | |
| DB Netze Energy | 102 127 | -25 -19.7 | 67 27 | 38 -11 -28.9 | 23 | |
| Other/Consolidation IRS | 297 327 | -30 -9.2 | 297 293 | 327 -34 -10.4 | 297 | |
| Integrated rail system | 4,983 5,213 | -230 -4.4 | 4,241 2,338 | 2,331 +7 +0.3 | 1,773 | |
| DB Arriva | 120 88 | +32 +36.4 | 323 103 | 79 +24 +30.4 | 316 | |
| DB Schenker | 299 249 | +50 +20.1 | 261 299 | 249 +50 +20.1 | 261 | |
| DB Group | 5,402 5,550 | -148 -2.7 | 4,825 2,740 | 2,659 +81 +3.0 | 2,350 | |

DB

Net financial debt (€ bn)





Maturity structure

Balance sheet (€ mn, as of Jun 30/Dec 31)

| | 2022 | 2021 | +/-€ | +/- % | 2019 | (as of Jun 30, 2022/Dec 31, 2021) | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Non-current assets | 57,655 | 56,149 | +1,506 | +2.7 | 53,213 | Assets | Equity | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 50,756 | 50,100 | +656 | +1.3 | 46,591 | | and liabilities | |
| Intangible assets | 2,411 | 2,387 | +24 | +1.0 | 3,894 | Non-current | Equity | |
| Deferred tax assets | 1,246 | 1,305 | -59 | -4.5 | 1,246 | assets | (18%/15%) | |
| Current assets | 16,401 | 15,694 | +707 | +4.5 | 12,615 | (78%/78%) | | |
| Trade receivables | 7,282 | 6,476 | +806 | +12.4 | 4,871 | | Non-current | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3,827 | 4,591 | -764 | -16.6 | 3,993 | | liabilities (53%/55%) | |
| Equity and liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Equity | 13,459 | 10,621 | +2,838 | +26.7 | 14,927 | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | 39,510 | 39,631 | -121 | -0.3 | 32,820 | | | |
| Financial debt | 31,674 | 30,322 | +1,352 | +4.5 | 23,977 | | | |
| Current liabilities | 21,087 | 21,591 | -504 | -2.3 | 18,081 | | Current liabilities | |
| Financial debt | 3,526 | 4,164 | -638 | -15.3 | 4,716 | Current assets | (29%/30%) | |
| Trade liabilities | 7,617 | 8,097 | -480 | -5.9 | 5,789 | (22%/22%) | | |
| Total assets | 74,056 | 71,843 | +2,213 | +3.1 | 65,828 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

We enjoy strong credit and sustainability ratings and strong financing power due to established financing programs

A (best grade)

C+ (Prime status)

52 (Scale 0-100)

68 (Scale 0-100)

Risk assessment medium

AA



Credit ratings

ESG ratings

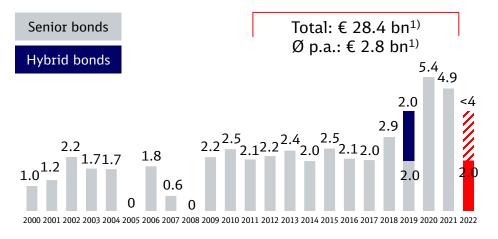
- Moody's: Aa1/stable
- > S&P: AA-/negative
- CDP:
 MSCI:
- > ISS ESG
- > Sustainalytics:
- Moody's ESG:
 - > EcoVadis:

Financing programs

- European Medium Term Notes program
- Australian Debt Issuance program
- > Commercial Paper program

Bond issues

(€ bn; as of June 30, 2022)

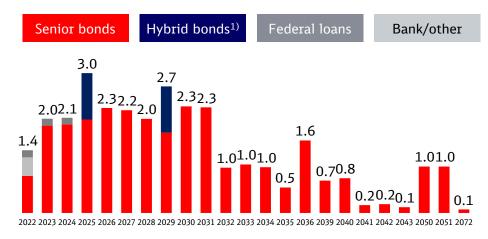


¹⁾ Senior bonds.

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Maturity profile financial liabilities

(€ bn; incl. swaps; excl. leasing; as of June 30, 2022)



¹⁾ First possible call year.

We will tap the bond markets again in 2022, four issues so far with total volume of about € 2.0 bn

Bond issues

2021: 10 transactions

| Volume (€ bn) | Term (Ø years) | Interest ¹⁾ (Ø %) |
|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| 4,891 | 15.3 ²⁾ | 0.58 ²⁾ |

2022: 4 transactions (so far)

| Volume (€ bn) 2,041 | | Term (Ø years) 10.3 ²⁾ | Interest ¹⁾ (Ø %) 1.61 ²⁾ | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 191 | * | 20.0 | 1.24 | |
| 200 | | 5.0 | 0.84 | |
| 750 | | 12.0 | 1.42 | |
| 900 | | 8.0 | 2.03 | |

¹⁾ Interest all in €. ²⁾ Volume weighted average. Non-€ bond issuances were swapped into €.

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Bond issues € <4 bn expected in 2022



Expectation for full year 2022 slightly raised. Uncertainty remains high mainly due to Covid-19 and war in Ukraine



Outlook (€ bn)

| | H1 2021 | H1 2022 | +/- % | 2021 | 2022 (March forecast) | 2022 (July forecast) |
|--|---------|---------|-------|------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues adjusted | 21.8 | 28.0 | +28.4 | 47.3 | >48 | >54 |
| EBIT adjusted | -1.0 | 0.9 | - | -1.6 | >0 | >1 |
| | | | | | | |
| ROCE (%) | -4.5 | 3.9 | - | -3.6 | >0 | ~2 |
| Debt coverage (%) | 2.7 | 13.2 | - | 4.3 | > | ~10 |
| Gross capex | 5.6 | 5.4 | -2.7 | 15.4 | >16 | >16 |
| Net capex | 2.7 | 2.7 | +3.0 | 6.3 | >6.5 | >6.5 |
| Maturities | _ | _ | _ | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Bond issues (senior) | 2.7 | 2.0 | -25.9 | 4.9 | <5 | <4 |
| Net financial debt as of Dec 31/Jun 30 | 29.1 | 30.5 | +4.8 | 29.1 | >30 | >30 |

Contact details and further information



Investor Relations: www.db.de/ir-e



Rating: <u>www.db.de/rating-e</u>



Integrated Report: <u>www.db.de/ib-e</u>



Integrated Interim Report www.db.de/zb-e



Contact Investor Relations: <u>www.db.de/ir-contact</u>





Robert Strehl Head of Investor Relations and Sustainable Finance



Sascha Friedrich d Senior Manager Investor Relations and Sustainable



Larissa Wandert Ribeiro Manager Investor Relations and Sustainable Finance



Laura Fischer Manager Investor Relations and Sustainable Finance



Janine Oelze Manager Investor Relations and Sustainable Finance

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